For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

Anti-FHL2 mAb

Code No.CloneSubclassQuantityConcentrationK0055-311-134Mouse IgG2a100 μL1 mg/mL

BACKGROUND: Proteins containing LIM domains (which are double zinc finger motifs implicated in protein binding) are important regulators of cell growth, cell differentiation, and remodeling of the cell cytoskeleton. Human four-and-a-half LIM domains 2 (FHL2), also known as DRAL/Slim3 is a 32 kDa protein expressed predominantly in human heart and to a lesser extent in skeletal muscle, testis, and prostate epithelium. Since FHL2 is abundant in heart tissue, it may play a role in the regulation of myofibrillogenesis of heart via LIM-domain binding to focal adhesions. FHL2 has also been identified as a coactivator of the androgen receptor where it promotes androgen receptor transcriptional activity. Stimulation of the Rho signaling pathway induces translocation of FHL2 to the nucleus and subsequent activation of FHL2- and androgen receptor-dependent genes. FHL2 also acts as a transcriptional repressor in and is involved in modulation of muscle cells β-catenin-dependent transcription of Wnt-responsive genes.

SOURCE: This antibody was purified from hybridoma (clone 11-134) supernatant using protein A agarose. This hybridoma was established by fusion of mouse myeloma cell SP2/0-Ag14 with Balb/c mouse splenocyte immunized with the recombinant full-length human FHL2.

FORMULATION: 100 μg IgG in 100 μL volume of PBS containing 50% glycerol, pH 7.2. No preservative is contained.

STORAGE: This antibody solution is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at -20°C.

REACTIVITY: This antibody reacts with human and mouse FHL2 on Western blotting. This clone dose not cross-react with FHL1, FHL3, FHL4 and ACT.

SPECIES CROSS REACTIVITY:

Species	Human	Mouse	Rat
Cell, Tissue	Prostate cancer	C2C12	Not tested
Reactivity	+ (IHC)	+ (WB)	

INTENDED USE:

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS:

Western blotting; 1-5 μ g/mL for chemiluminescence detection system

Immunoprecipitation; 3 μg/200-300 μL of cell extract

 $\underline{Immunohistochemistry};\ 1\text{--}5\ \mu\text{g/mL}$

Heat treatment is necessary for paraffin embedded sections.

Autoclave; 10 minutes at 110°C in 10 mM citrate buffer (pH 6.5)

Immunocytochemistry; Not tested*

*It is reported that this antibody can be used in this application in the reference number 1), 2) and 4).

<u>Flow cytometry</u>; Not tested <u>Chromatin immunoprecipitation</u>

*It is reported that this antibody can be used in this application in the reference number 3), 7) and 9).

Detailed procedure is provided in the following **PROTOCOLS**.

REFERENCES:

- 1) Jin, H., et al., Oncogene (2016) In press. [WB, IC, IHC]
- 2) Yan, Q., et al., Oncotarget 6, 25402-25417 [WB, IC, IHC]
- 3) Rachmin, I., et al., Int. J. Cardiol. 195, 85-94 [WB, IP, ChIP]
- 4) Li, S. Y., et al., J. Am. Soc. Nephrol. **26**, 3072-3084 (2015) [WB, IC, IHC]
- 5) Hojayev, B., et al., Mol Cell Biol. **32**, 4025-4034 (2012) [WB, IHC]
- 6) Ewen, E. P., et al., J. Biol. Chem. **286**, 29644-29653 (2011) [WB, IHC]
- 7) Neuman, N. A., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 284, 13202-13212 (2009) [ChIP]
- 8) Labalette, C., et al., PLoS One 3, e3761 (2008) [WB]
- 9) Labalette, C., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 283, 15201-15208 (2008) [ChIP]
- 10) Wang, J., et al., Gastroenterology **132**, 1066-1076 (2007) [WB, IHC]
- 11) Kahl, P., et al., Cancer Res. 66, 11341-11347 (2006)
- 12) Sun, J., et al., Circ. Res. 99, 468-476 (2006) [WB, IP]
- 13) Weinert, S., et al., J. Cell Biol. 173, 559-570 (2006) [WB]
- 14) Kang, D. E., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 280, 31537-31547 (2005) [WB]
- 15) Müller, J. M., et al., EMBO J. 21, 736-748 (2002)
- 16) Müller, J. M., et al., EMBO J. 19, 359-369 (2000)

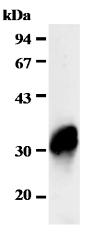
The descriptions of the following protocols are examples. Each user should determine the appropriate condition.

PROTOCOLS:

SDS-PAGE & Western Blotting

- Wash the cells 3 times with PBS and suspend with 10 volume of cold Lysis buffer [50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.2), 250 mM NaCl, 0.1% NP-40, 2 mM EDTA, 10% glycerol] containing appropriate protease inhibitors. Incubate it at 4°C with rotating for 30 minutes, then sonicate briefly (up to 10 seconds).
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 12,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to another tube. Measure the protein concentration of the supernatant and add the cold Lysis buffer to make 8 mg/mL solution.
- 3) Mix the sample with equal volume of Laemmli's sample buffer.
- 4) Boil the samples for 3 minutes and centrifuge. Load 10 μL of the sample per lane in a 1 mm thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel for electrophoresis.
- 5) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm² for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacture's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 6) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 10% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature, or overnight at 4°C.
- 7) Incubate the membrane with primary antibody diluted with PBS, pH 7.2 containing 1% skimmed milk as suggest in the **APPLICATIONS** for 1 hour at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody will depend on condition.)
- 8) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 6 times).
- 9) Incubate the membrane with 1:10,000 of Anti-IgG (Mouse) pAb-HRP (MBL; code no. 330) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 10) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (5 minutes x 6 times).
- 11) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute
- 12) Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 13) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 5 minutes.
- 14) Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

(Positive control for Western blotting; C2C12)



Western blot analysis of FHL2 expression in C2C12 cells using K0055-3.

Immunoprecipitation

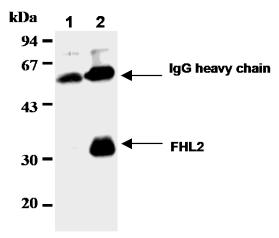
- 1) Wash the cells 3 times with PBS and suspend with 10 volume of cold Lysis buffer [50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.2), 250 mM NaCl, 0.1% NP-40, 2 mM EDTA, 10% glycerol] containing appropriate protease inhibitors. Incubate it at 4°C with rotating for 30 minutes, then sonicate briefly (up to 10 seconds).
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 12,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to another tube.
- 3) Add primary antibody as suggest in the **APPLICATIONS** into 200-300 μL of the supernatant. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 30-120 minutes at 4°C. Add 20 μL of 50% protein A agarose beads resuspended in the cold Lysis buffer. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 60 minutes at 4°C.
- 4) Wash the beads 3-5 times with the cold Lysis buffer (centrifuge the tube at 2,500 x g for 10 seconds).
- 5) Resuspend the beads in 20 μ L of Laemmli's sample buffer, boil for 3-5 minutes, and centrifuge for 5 minutes. Use 10 μ L/lane for the SDS-PAGE analysis.

(See SDS-PAGE & Western blotting.)

(Positive control for Immunoprecipitation; C2C12)

Immunohistochemical staining for paraffin-embedded sections: SAB method

- 1) Deparaffinize the sections with Xylene 3 times for 3-5 minutes each.
- 2) Wash the slides with Ethanol 3 times for 3-5 minutes each.



Immunoprecipitation of FHL2 from C2C12 cells with normal mouse IgG (1) or K0055-3 (2). After immunoprecipitated with the antibody, immunocomplex was resolved on SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with K0055-3.

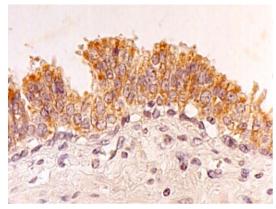
- 3) Wash the slides with PBS 3 times for 3-5 minutes each.
- 4) Heat treatment

Heat treatment by Autoclave:

Place the slides put on staining basket in 500 mL beaker with 500 mL of 10 mM citrate buffer (pH 6.5). Cover

- the beaker with plastic wrap, then process the slides with the autoclave for 10 minutes at 110°C. Let the slides cool down in the beaker at room temperature for about 40 minutes.
- 5) Remove the slides from the citrate buffer and cover each section with 3% H₂O₂ for 10 minutes at room temperature to block endogenous peroxidase activity. Wash 3 times in PBS for 5 minutes each.
- 6) Remove the slides from PBS, wipe gently around each section and cover tissues with Protein Blocking Agent (Ultratech HRP Kit; MBL, code no. IM-2391) for 5 minutes to block non-specific staining. Do not wash.
- 7) Tip off the blocking buffer, wipe gently around each section and cover tissues with primary antibody diluted with PBS containing 1% BSA as suggest in the **APPLICATIONS**.
- 8) Incubate the sections for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 9) Wash the slides 3 times in PBS for 5 minutes each.
- 10) Wipe gently around each section and cover tissues with Polyvalent Biotinylated Antibody (Ultratech HRP Kit). Incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature. Wash as in step 9).
- 11) Wipe gently around each section and cover tissues with Streptavidin-Peroxidase (Ultratech HRP Kit). Incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature. Wash as in step 9).
- 12) Visualize by reacting for 10-20 minutes with substrate solution containing 7.5 mg DAB, 40 μL of 30% H₂O₂ in 150 mL PBS. *DAB is a suspect carcinogen and must be handled with care. Always wear gloves.
- 13) Wash the slides in water for 5 minutes.
- 14) Counter stain in hematoxylin for 1 minute, wash the slides 3 times in water for 5 minutes each, and then immerse the slides in PBS for 5 minutes. Dehydrate by immersing in Ethanol 3 times for 3 minutes each, followed by immersing in Xylene 3 times for 3 minutes each.
- 15) Now ready for mounting.

(Positive control for Immunohistochemistry; Prostate cancer)



Immunohistochemical detection of FHL2 on paraffin embedded section of a human prostate cancer with K0055-3.

RELATED PRODUCTS:

Please visit our website at https://ruo.mbl.co.jp/.