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Fluorescent protein-protein interaction visualization



PPIs Detection Reagent: Fluoppi [BclxL-BAX]

Code: AM-P1003

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1. Introduction

Fluoppi is a technology providing an easy way to visualize protein-protein interactions (PPIs) with a high signal to noise ratio. It employs an oligomeric assembly helper tag (Ash-tag) and a tetrameric fluorescent protein tag (FP-tag) to create detectable fluorescent puncta when there are interactions between two proteins fused to the tags. Schematic images are illustrated in Figure 1, where genetic fusion of protein X with FP-tag, and Y with Ash-tag creates a tetrameric fluorescent fusion protein X-FP and an oligomeric fusion protein Y-Ash respectively. Because each fusion protein has multiple Xs or Ys, the interaction between X and Y causes phase-separated droplets where the fluorescence by X-FP is concentrated and detectable as fluorescent puncta (Fig. 2).

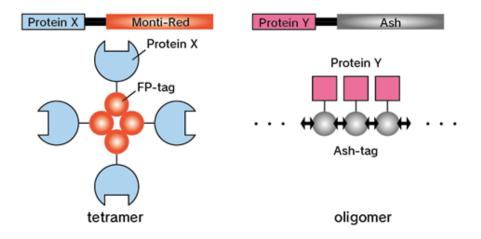


Figure 1 |Key components of Fluoppi technology

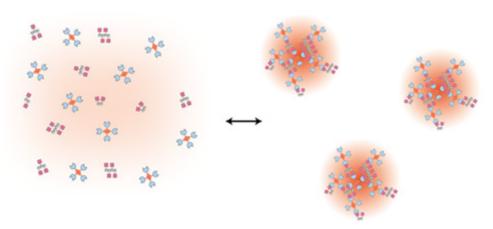


Figure 2 | Mechanism of action

2. Fluoppi: Ash-MR [BclxL-BAX]

This product contains two expression cassettes for detecting BclxL-BAX interaction in living cells. One encodes a fusion protein Ash/BclxL, and the other encodes Monti-Red (MR)/BAX. Partial sequences responsible for this interaction are used for this product. Co-transfection of DNA cassettes, Ash/BclxL and MR/BAX, results in formation of cytoplasmic fluorescent puncta. After addition of BclxL-BAX PPI inhibitors, the puncta disappeared within 2 hours, indicating the BclxL-BAX complex was disrupted.

3. Product Components and Storage Condition

DNA cassettes	Amount:	Form
Ash/BclxL	10 μg	Dry form
MR/BAX	10 μg	Dry form

Reconstitute in 10-50 µL of sterilized distilled water before use.

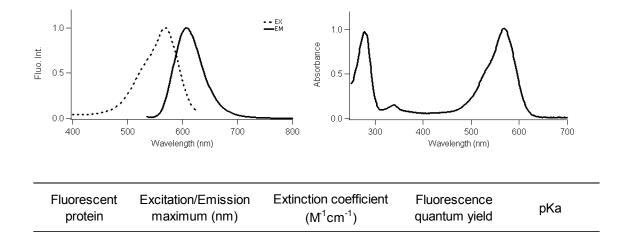
Storage condition: Store at -20°C. Reconstituted solution should be kept at -20°C.

4. Additional Materials Required

- Cell culture related materials (Mammalian cells, Cell culture medium, Cell culture dish, etc.)
- Transfection reagents or equipment.
- Buffer for imaging (HBSS, PBS, Good's Buffers, etc.)
- Fluorometric detector (Fluorescence microscopy or Plate imager)

5. Properties of Fluorescent protein "Monti-Red"

Monti-Red, a mutant fluorescent protein derived from Keima-Red which was originally cloned from the stony coral (Montipora sp.), forms tetramer and absorbs light maximally at 571 nm and emits red light at 607 nm. Fluorescent signal of Monti-Red can be detected by using filter sets for Texas Red or similar fluorescent dyes.



83,000 (571 nm)

0.3

5.5

6. Expression Cassettes

Monti-Red

571/607

Both open reading frames are driven by the CMV promoter in mammalian cells.



7. Example of Procedure

[Transfection]

HEK293 cells were grown in DMEM (Sigma No. D5796) supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS) and 1% Pen Strep (Gibco No. 15140-122) at 37°C in 5% CO₂ atmosphere. Cells were plated in collagen (KOKEN No. IAC-30) coated Lab-Tek Chambered Coverglass (Nunc No.155411) at 2x10⁴ cells per well with 200 μL medium. After incubation for 16 hours, cells were transiently transfected with a pair of plasmid DNAs (both 200 ng) diluted in 10 μL of Opti-MEM* (Gibco No. 31985-070) using FuGENE* HD Transfection Reagent (Promega, 0.8 μL). After incubation for another 20 to 24 hours, cells were subjected to analysis.

[Imaging]

A wide field fluorescence microscopy was used to observe PPI. Excitation of MR fluorescence was performed by a 75-W Xenon lamp with a BP530-550 filter (Olympus). Emitted light was detected by an ORCA-Flash4.0 sCMOS camera (Hamamatsu Photonics) with a LP575 filter (Olympus) and a 570 nm dichroic mirror (Olympus). MetaMorph software (Molecular Devices) was used for data collections and analysis.

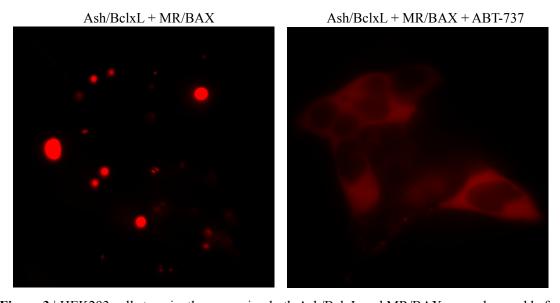


Figure 3 | HEK293 cells transiently expressing both Ash/BclxL and MR/BAX were observed before (left) and 2 hours after addition of 25 μ M ABT-737* (right). The interactions were observed as fluorescent puncta (left), and disruptions of the PPI by ABT-737 resulted in cytoplasmic diffused distribution of fluorescence (right).

^{*} An inhibitor of Bcl2, BclxL and Bclw (Oltersdorf, T., et al. 2005).

8. References

Watanabe T, *et al.*, Genetic visualization of protein interactions harnessing liquid phase transitions. Sci Rep. 7, Article number: 46380 (2017) [PMID: 28406179]

Oltersdorf, T., *et al.*, An inhibitor of Bcl-2 family proteins induces regression of solid tumours. Nature. 435, 677-678. (2005) [PMID: 15902208]

9. Related products

AM-8001M Fluoppi: Ash-hAG (Ash-MNL/MCL + hAG-MNL/MCL)

AM-8002M Fluoppi: Ash-Red (Ash-MNL/MCL + Monti-Red-MNL/MCL)

AM-8201M Fluoppi: Ash-hAG [p53-MDM2]

AM-8202M Fluoppi : Ash-hAG [mTOR-FKBP12]

AM-VS0801M humanized Azami-Green for Fluoppi (phAG-MNL/MCL)

AM-VS0802M Monti-Red for Fluoppi (pMonti-Red-MNL/MCL)

10. Notice to Purchaser

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