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AURKB Antibody

Product Code	CSB-RA230110A0HU
Storage	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.
Uniprot No.	Q96GD4
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Aurora B
Species Reactivity	Human
Tested Applications	ELISA, WB, IHC, IP; Recommended dilution: WB:1:500-1:5000, IHC:1:50-1:200, IP:1:200-1:1000
Relevance	Serine/threonine-protein kinase component of the chromosomal passenger complex (CPC), a complex that acts as a key regulator of mitosis. The CPC complex has essential functions at the centromere in ensuring correct chromosome alignment and segregation and is required for chromatin-induced microtubule stabilization and spindle assembly. Involved in the bipolar attachment of spindle microtubules to kinetochores and is a key regulator for the onset of cytokinesis during mitosis. Required for central/midzone spindle assembly and cleavage furrow formation. Key component of the cytokinesis checkpoint, a process required to delay abscission to prevent both premature resolution of intercellular chromosome bridges and accumulation of DNA damage: phosphorylates CHMP4C, leading to retain abscission-competent VPS4 (VPS4A and/or VPS4B) at the midbody ring until abscission checkpoint signaling is terminated at late cytokinesis (PubMed:22422861, PubMed:24814515). AURKB phosphorylates the CPC complex subunits BIRC5/survivin, CDCA8/borealin and INCENP. Phosphorylation of INCENP leads to increased AURKB activity. Other known AURKB substrates involved in centromeric functions and mitosis are CENPA, DES/desmin, GPAF, KIF2C, NSUN2, RACGAP1, SEPT1, VIM/vimentin, GSG2/Haspin, and histone H3. A positive feedback loop involving GSG2 and AURKB contributes to localization of CPC to centromeres. Phosphorylation of VIM controls vimentin filament segregation in cytokinetic process, whereas histone H3 is phosphorylated at 'Ser-10' and 'Ser-28' during mitosis (H3S10ph and H3S28ph, respectively). A positive feedback between GSG2 and AURKB contributes to CPC localization. AURKB is also required for kinetochore localization of BUB1 and SGO1. Phosphorylation of p53/TP53 negatively regulates its transcriptional activity. Key regulator of active promoters in resting B- and T-lymphocytes: acts by mediating phosphorylation of H3S28ph at active promoters in resting B-cells, inhibiting RNF2/RING1B-mediated ubiquitination of histone H2A and enhancing bi
Form	Liquid
Conjugate	Non-conjugated
Storage Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Purification Method	Affinity-chromatography

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Image

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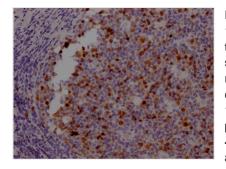


Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Product Type	Recombinant Antibody
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Research Area	Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling; Cancer; Cell biology; Signal transduction
Gene Names	AURKB
Accession NO.	4E5

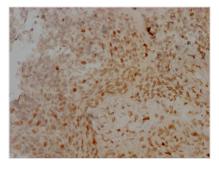
120KD $90KD \rightarrow$ 50KD- $35KD \rightarrow$ $25KD \rightarrow$ $20KD \rightarrow$

Western Blot

Positive WB detected in: Hela whole cell lysate, Jurkat whole cell lysate, 293 whole cell lysate, MCF-7 whole cell lysate, U251 whole cell lysate, A549 whole cell lysate, HepG2 whole cell lysate All lanes: AURKB antibody at 1:2000 Secondary Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution Predicted band size: 40, 36, 17, 35 kDa Observed band size: 40 kDa



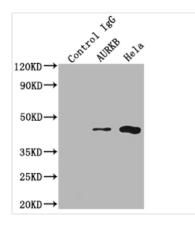
IHC image of CSB-RA230110A0HU diluted at 1:100 and staining in paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a Goat anti-rabbit IgG polymer labeled by HRP and visualized using 0.05% DAB.



IHC image of CSB-RA230110A0HU diluted at 1:100 and staining in paraffin-embedded human cervical cancer performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a Goat anti-rabbit IgG polymer labeled by HRP and visualized using 0.05% DAB.



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Immunoprecipitating AURKB in Hela whole cell lysate

Lane 1: Rabbit control IgG instead of CSB-RA230110A0HU in Hela whole cell lysate. For western blotting,a HRP-conjugated Protein G antibody was used as the secondary antibody (1/2000)

Lane 2: CSB-RA230110A0HU(2µg)+ Hela whole cell lysate(500µg)

Lane 3: Hela whole cell lysate (10µg)

Description

The first step in the preparation of recombinant AURKB antibody is to obtain the AURKB antibody gene. The heavy and light chain genes of the antibody were constructed into a plasma vector and then transfected into suspended mammalian cells transiently. After expression verification, cell supernatant was collected in expanded culture and purified recombinant AURKB antibody was obtained using affinity-chromatography. This recombinant AURKB antibody has been validated for the detection of AURKB protein from Human in the ELISA, WB, IHC, IP.

AURKB is the catalytic subunit of the chromosomal passenger complex (CPC) and plays a role in cell cycle progression. As a serine/threonine kinase, AURKB is involved in the regulation of key events in mitosis, revealing that AURKB is a potential target for tailored anti-cancer therapy. High expression of AURKB has been detected in many tumors, including breast cancer, colorectal cancer, and non-small cell lung cancer. AURKB overexpression is frequently associated with cancer cell invasion, metastasis, and drug resistance.