





# Recombinant Human Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 18 (TNFSF18), partial (Active)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-MP891791HU
Abbreviation	Recombinant Human TNFSF18 protein, partial (Active)
Storage	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.
Uniprot No.	Q9UNG2
Form	Lyophilized powder
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered PBS, 6% Trehalose, pH 7.4
Product Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Biological Activity	①Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized TNFRSF18 at 2 $\mu$ g/ml can bind TNFSF18 (CSB-MP891791HU), the EC $_{50}$ is 2.565 to 2.940 ng/ml.②Human TNFRSF18 protein hFc tag (CSB-MP896537HU) captured on COOH chip can bind Human TNFSF18 protein hFc and Flag tag (CSB-MP891791HU) with an affinity constant of 38.5 nM as detected by LSPR Assay.
Purity	Greater than 90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Sequence	QLETAKEPCMAKFGPLPSKWQMASSEPPCVNKVSDWKLEILQNGLYLIYGQV APNANYNDVAPFEVRLYKNKDMIQTLTNKSKIQNVGGTYELHVGDTIDLIFNSE HQVLKNNTYWGIILLANPQFIS
Source	Mammalian cell
Target Names	TNFSF18
Expression Region	72-199aa
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	N-terminal hFc-Flag-tagged
Mol. Weight	42.8
Protein Length	Partial
Image	

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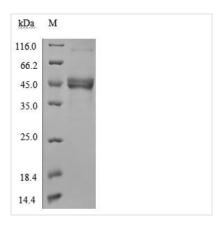


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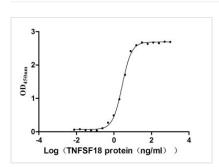
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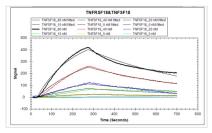




(Tris-Glycine gel) Discontinuous SDS-PAGE (reduced) with 5% enrichment gel and 15% separation gel.



# Activity Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized TNFRSF18 at 2 μg/ml can bind TNFSF18 (CSB-MP891791HU), the EC<sub>50</sub> is 2.565 to 2.940 ng/ml.



Human TNFRSF18 protein hFc tag (CSB-MP896537HU) captured on COOH chip can bind Human TNFSF18 protein hFc and Flag tag (CSB-MP891791HU) with an affinity constant of 38.5 nM as detected by LSPR Assay.

## **Description**

This N-terminal hFc-Flag-tagged recombinant human TNFSF18 protein (amino acids 72-199) is produced in mammalian cells, ensuring proper posttranslational modifications. With >90% purity (SDS-PAGE) and low endotoxin levels (<1.0 EU/μg, LAL method), this recombinant TNFSF18 protein is suitable for sensitive immunological studies. Functional assays confirm its bioactivity. In ELISA, it binds immobilized TNFRSF18 with the EC<sub>50</sub> of 2.565–2.940 ng/mL, while LSPR analysis reveals a binding affinity constant of 38.5 nM to hFc-tagged human TNFRSF18 (CSB-MP896537HU). Its dual hFc-Flag tag facilitates purification and detection. Provided as lyophilized powder, this recombinant TNFSF18 protein is optimized for stability and reconstitution, serving as a critical tool for investigating TNFSF18-TNFRSF18 interactions in immune regulation, inflammatory responses, and therapeutic antibody development.

The human TNFSF18 protein, also known as GITRL, is a member of the TNF superfamily and plays a crucial role in modulating immune responses. It is primarily expressed on various immune cells, including activated T cells and regulatory T cells (Tregs), where it functions in co-stimulatory signaling pathways essential for T cell activation and differentiation [1][2]. Its receptor, TNFRSF18 (commonly referred to as GITR), is found on naive T cells, activated T cells, and Tregs, allowing for interactions crucial for maintaining immune

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homeostasis and balancing immune activation and suppression [3][4].

One significant function of TNFSF18 is its ability to modulate Treg activity. Evidence suggests that engagement of TNFRSF18 by its ligand TNFSF18 can diminish the suppressive functions of Tregs, thus enhancing effector T cell activity and promoting a more robust immune response [2][5]. This characteristic is particularly noteworthy in the context of cancer, where high levels of TNFSF18 expression correlate with improved anti-tumor responses in various animal models [6].

In addition to its role in cancer immune responses, TNFSF18 is implicated in various inflammatory conditions. It has been shown to participate in the immune responses associated with conditions like atherosclerosis, where its action can influence the activation and recruitment of immune cells [7]. Furthermore, the overexpression of TNFSF18 has been linked to certain autoimmune diseases, emphasizing the need for tightly regulated GITR-TNFSF18 interactions to maintain immune balance and prevent pathological immune activation [8]. Its dual role that enhances effector T cell function while simultaneously tempering the suppressive activities of Tregs highlights its potential as a therapeutic target in the treatment of cancer and autoimmune diseases, providing pathways for innovative immunomodulatory therapies [8][9].

#### References:

- [1] B. Chen, M. Yang, K. Li, J. Li, L. Xu, F. Xuet al., Immune?related genes and gene sets for predicting the response to anti?programmed death 1 therapy in patients with primary or metastatic non?small cell lung cancer, Oncology Letters, vol. 22, no. 1, 2021. https://doi.org/10.3892/ol.2021.12801 [2] T. Placke, H. Kopp, & H. Salih, Glucocorticoid?induced tnfr?related (gitr) protein and its ligand in antitumor immunity: functional role and therapeutic modulation, Journal of Immunology Research, vol. 2010, no. 1, 2010. https://doi.org/10.1155/2010/239083
- [3] A. Liu, F. Li, B. Wang, L. Yang, H. Xing, C. Suet al., Prognostic and immunological significance of calcium-related gene signatures in renal clear cell carcinoma, Frontiers in Pharmacology, vol. 13, 2022. https://doi.org/10.3389/fphar.2022.1055841
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Endotoxin	Less than 1.0 EU/ug as determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL.We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
Shelf Life	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself.  Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.