



## **Mouse hepatitis B virus e antigen (HBeAg) ELISA Kit**

**Catalog Number. CSB-E09993m**

**For the qualitative determination of mouse hepatitis B virus e antigen (HBeAg) concentrations in serum, plasma.**

This package insert must be read in its entirety before using this product.

### **If You Have Problems**

### **Technical Service Contact information**

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In order to obtain higher efficiency service, please ready to supply the lot number of the kit to us (found on the outside of the box).

## **PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY**

This assay employs the qualitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. The microtiter plate provided in this kit has been pre-coated with HBeAb. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells with a Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) conjugated HBeAb. Following a wash to remove any unbound reagent, a substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of HBeAg bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

## **SPECIFICITY**

This assay has high sensitivity and excellent specificity for detection of mouse HBeAg. No significant cross-reactivity or interference between mouse HBeAg and analogues was observed.

**Note:** Limited by current skills and knowledge, it is impossible for us to complete the cross-reactivity detection between mouse HBeAg and all the analogues, therefore, cross reaction may still exist.

## **PRECISION**

### **Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay): CV%<15%**

Three samples of known concentration were tested twenty times on one plate to assess.

### **Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays): CV%<20%**

Three samples of known concentration were tested in twenty assays to assess.

## **LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE**

- **FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.**
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- Any variation in operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding.
- This assay is designed to eliminate interference by soluble receptors, binding proteins, and other factors present in biological samples. Until all factors have been tested in the Immunoassay, the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.

## **MATERIALS PROVIDED**

Reagents	Quantity
Coated assay plate	1(96 wells)
Negative Control	1 x 1 ml
Positive Control	1 x 1 ml
HRP-conjugate	1 x 7 ml
Wash Buffer (20 x concentrate)	1 x 30 ml
Substrate A	1 x 7 ml
Substrate B	1 x 7 ml
Stop Solution	1 x 7 ml
Adhesive Strip (For 96 wells)	4
Instruction manual	1

## **STORAGE**

Unopened kit	Store at 2 - 8°C. Do not use the kit beyond the expiration date.
Opened kit	May be stored for up to one month at 2 - 8° C.

**\*Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.**

## OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm, with the correction wavelength set at 600 nm - 630 nm.
- An incubator which can provide stable incubation conditions up to 37°C±0.5°C.
- Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.
- Absorbent paper for blotting the microtiter plate.
- 100 mL and 500 mL graduated cylinders.
- Deionized or distilled water.
- Pipettes and pipette tips.
- Test tubes for dilution.

## PRECAUTIONS

The Stop Solution provided with this kit is an acid solution. Wear eye, hand, face, and clothing protection when using this material.

## SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

- **Serum** Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for two hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000 xg. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Plasma** Collect plasma using EDTA, or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 xg at 2-8°C within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Note:**

1. CUSABIO is only responsible for the kit itself, but not for the samples consumed during the assay. The user should calculate the possible amount of the samples used in the whole test. Please reserve sufficient samples in advance.
2. Samples to be used within 2 days may be stored at 2-8°C, otherwise samples must be stored at -20°C (≤1month) or -80°C (≤2month) to avoid loss of bioactivity and contamination.
3. Grossly hemolyzed samples are not suitable for use in this assay.
4. If the samples are not indicated in the manual, a preliminary experiment to determine the validity of the kit is necessary.
5. Fresh samples without long time storage are recommended for the test. Otherwise, protein degradation and denaturalization may occur in those samples and finally lead to wrong results.

**REAGENT PREPARATION****Note:**

- **Kindly use graduated containers to prepare the reagent.**
- Bring all reagents to room temperature (18-25°C) before use for 30min.
- Distilled water is recommended to be used to make the preparation for reagents. Contaminated water or container for reagent preparation will influence the detection result.

**Wash Buffer(1x)-** If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm up to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 15 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate (20 x) into deionized or distilled water to prepare 300 ml of Wash Buffer (1 x).

## ASSAY PROCEDURE

**Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. Centrifuge the sample again after thawing before the assay. It is recommended that all samples and standards be assayed in duplicate.**

1. Prepare all reagents, and samples as directed in the previous sections.
2. Refer to the Assay Layout Sheet to determine the number of wells to be used and put any remaining wells and the desiccant back into the pouch and seal the ziploc, store unused wells at 4°C.
3. Set a Blank well without any solution.
4. Add 50µl of **Negative Control**, **Positive Control** or **Sample** per well. Controls need test in duplicate.
5. Add 50µl of **HRP-conjugate** to each well (not to Blank well). Cover the microtiter plate with a new adhesive strip. Incubate for 30 minutes at 37°C.
6. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process four times for a total of five washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (200µl) using a squirt bottle, multi-channel pipette, manifold dispenser, or autowasher, and let it stand for 20 seconds, complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
7. Add 50µl of **Substrate A** and 50µl **Substrate B** to each well. Incubate for 15 minutes at 37°C. **Protect from light.**
8. Add 50µl of **Stop Solution** to each well, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
9. Take blank well as zero, determine the optical density of each well within 10 minutes, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

Note:

1. The final experimental results will be closely related to validity of the products, operation skills of the end users and the experimental environments.
2. Samples or reagents addition: Please carefully add samples to wells and mix gently to avoid foaming. Do not touch the well wall as possible. For each step in the procedure, total dispensing time for addition of reagents or samples to the assay plate should not exceed 10 minutes. This will ensure equal elapsed time for each pipetting step, without interruption. Duplication of all standards and specimens, although not required, is recommended. To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.
3. Incubation: To ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate sealers during incubation steps is necessary. Do not allow wells to sit uncovered for extended periods between incubation steps. Once reagents have been added to the well strips, DO NOT let the strips DRY at any time during the assay. Incubation time and temperature must be observed.
4. Washing: The wash procedure is critical. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Solution by aspirating or decanting and remove any drop of water and fingerprint on the bottom of the plate. Insufficient washing will result in poor precision and falsely elevated absorbance reading. When using an automated plate washer, adding a 30 second soak period following the addition of wash buffer, and/or rotating the plate 180 degrees between wash steps may improve assay precision.
5. Controlling of reaction time: Observe the change of color after adding Substrates (e.g. observation once every 10 minutes). Substrates should change from colorless or light blue to gradations of blue. If the color is too deep, add Stop Solution in advance to avoid excessively strong reaction which will result in inaccurate absorbance reading.
6. Substrates are easily contaminated. Substrates should remain colorless or light blue until added to the plate. Please protect it from light.
7. Stop Solution should be added to the plate in the same order as the Substrates. The color developed in the wells will turn from blue to yellow upon addition of the Stop Solution. Wells that are green in color indicate that the Stop Solution has not mixed thoroughly with the Substrates.

## **CALCULATION OF RESULTS**

For calculation the valence of mouse HBeAg, compare the sample well with control.

If  $OD_{\text{negative}} < 0.05$ , calculate it as 0.05.

While  $OD_{\text{sample}} / OD_{\text{negative}} \geq 2.1$ : Positive

While  $OD_{\text{sample}} / OD_{\text{negative}} < 2.1$ : Negative