





Recombinant Escherichia coli Aquaporin Z (aqpZ) (Active)

Product Code	CSB-CF352724ENV
Relevance	Channel that permits osmotically driven movement of water in both directions. It is involved in the osmoregulation and in the maintenance of cell turgor during volume expansion in rapidly growing cells. It mediates rapid entry or exit of water in response to abrupt changes in osmolarity
Abbreviation	Recombinant E.coli AQPZ protein (Active)
Storage	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.
Uniprot No.	P60844
Storage Buffer	Tris-based buffer,50% glycerol
Product Type	Others
Immunogen Species	Escherichia coli (strain K12)
Biological Activity	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized aqpZ at 5 μ g/ml can bind E.coli ytfE, the EC50 of E.coli ytfE protein is 197.90-259.70 μ g/ml.
Purity	Greater than 90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Sequence	MFRKLAAECFGTFWLVFGGCGSAVLAAGFPELGIGFAGVALAFGLTVLTMAFA VGHISGGHFNPAVTIGLWAGGRFPAKEVVGYVIAQVVGGIVAAALLYLIASGKT GFDAAASGFASNGYGEHSPGGYSMLSALVVELVLSAGFLLVIHGATDKFAPAG FAPIAIGLALTLIHLISIPVTNTSVNPARSTAVAIFQGGWALEQLWFFWVVPIVGG IIGGLIYRTLLEKRD
Research Area	Microbiology
Source	in vitro E.coli expression system
Target Names	aqpZ
Expression Region	1-231aa
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	N-terminal 6xHis-tagged
Mol. Weight	27.7kDa
Protein Length	Full Length
Image	

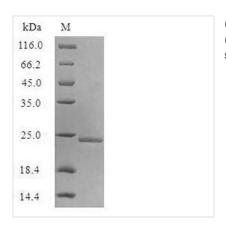
CUSABIO TECHNOLOGY LLC



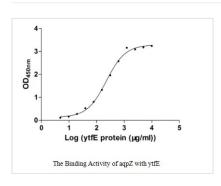








(Tris-Glycine gel) Discontinuous SDS-PAGE (reduced) with 5% enrichment gel and 15% separation gel.



Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized aqpZ at 5 μg/ml can bind E.coli ytfE, the EC₅₀ of E.coli ytfE protein is

Description

Aquaporin Z (AqpZ) is an integral membrane protein found in Escherichia coli and Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803, which functions as a water-permeable channel in the plasma membrane [1]. It is a tetrameric protein that forms water channels in the cell membrane of Escherichia coli [2]. AqpZ plays a crucial role in the transport of water across Escherichia coli cells with a high rate [3]. Additionally, it is involved in cell volume regulation and sensitivity to osmotic stress in Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803 [4]. The physiological role of AqpZ includes its involvement in the short- and long-term osmoregulatory response and its requirement by rapidly growing cells [5]. Furthermore, AqpZ is highly stable and has negligible permeability to glycerol [6]. It has been shown to selectively conduct only water at high rates [7].

197.90-259.70 μg/ml.

The molecular water transporter AqpZ remained elusive until its discovery, and the regulation of the aqpZ gene expression and the physiological function of the AqpZ protein are still not fully understood [8]. However, studies have shown that AqpZ is a specific biological water channel with high osmotic water permeability, lack of N-linked glycan, resistance to proteolysis, and is not inhibited by any biological macromolecules [9]. This makes AqpZ-based water recovery technology a promising prospect for water filtration and recovery, especially for space flight applications [9].

References:

[1] M. Akai, K. Onai, M. Kusano, M. Sato, H. Redestig, K. Toyookaet al., "Plasma membrane aquaporin aqpz protein is essential for glucose metabolism during photomixotrophic growth of synechocystis sp. pcc 6803", Journal of Biological Chemistry, vol. 286, no. 28, p. 25224-25235, 2011. https://doi.org/10.1074/jbc.m111.236380

[2] G. Hu, L. Chen, & J. Wang, "Insights into the mechanisms of the selectivity

CUSABIO TECHNOLOGY LLC









filter of escherichia coli aquaporin z", Journal of Molecular Modeling, vol. 18, no. 8, p. 3731-3741, 2012. https://doi.org/10.1007/s00894-012-1379-2 [3] Y. Zhao, H. Xie, L. Wang, Y. Shen, W. Chen, B. Songet al., "Gating mechanism of aquaporin z in synthetic bilayers and native membranes revealed by solid-state nmr spectroscopy", Journal of the American Chemical Society, vol. 140, no. 25, p. 7885-7895, 2018. https://doi.org/10.1021/jacs.8b03446 [4] M. Akai, K. Onai, M. Morishita, H. Mino, T. Shijuku, H. Maruyamaet al., "Aquaporin appz is involved in cell volume regulation and sensitivity to osmotic stress in synechocystis sp. strain pcc 6803", Journal of Bacteriology, vol. 194, no. 24, p. 6828-6836, 2012. https://doi.org/10.1128/jb.01665-12 [5] G. Calamita, "The escherichia coli aquaporin?z water channel", Molecular Microbiology, vol. 37, no. 2, p. 254-262, 2000. https://doi.org/10.1046/j.1365-2958.2000.02016.x

[6] D. Kozono, X. Ding, I. Iwasaki, X. Meng, Y. Kamagata, P. Agreet al., "Functional expression and characterization of an archaeal aquaporin", Journal of Biological Chemistry, vol. 278, no. 12, p. 10649-10656, 2003. https://doi.org/10.1074/jbc.m212418200

[7] D. Savage, P. Egea, Y. Robles-Colmenares, J. O'Connell, & R. Stroud, "Architecture and selectivity in aquaporins: 2.5 å x-ray structure of aquaporin z", Plos Biology, vol. 1, no. 3, p. e72, 2003.

https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pbio.0000072

[8] G. Calamita, B. Kempf, M. Bonhivers, W. Bishai, E. Bremer, & P. Agre, "Regulation of the escherichia coli water channel gene aqpz", Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, vol. 95, no. 7, p. 3627-3631, 1998. https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.95.7.3627

[9] J. Lian, X. Fang, J. Cai, Q. Chen, Q. Zheng, K. Louet al., "Efficient expression of membrane-bound water channel protein (aquaporin z) in escherichia coli", Protein and Peptide Letters, vol. 15, no. 7, p. 687-691, 2008. https://doi.org/10.2174/092986608785133717

Shelf Life

The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.