

## Unsaturated Hyaluro-Disaccharide: 🔟 Di-HA

Code#: CSR-DDI-HA

Product Name: Unsaturated Hyaluro-Disaccharide: \( \subseteq \text{Di-HA} \)

Other Name: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-3-O-( β -D-gluco-4-enepyranosyluronic acid)-D-

glucose

Labeled Amount: 500nmol/vial (lyophilized)

Molecular Formula of Sodium Salt: C14H20NNaO11

Formula Weight of Sodium Salt: 401.3

Storage: below -20°C in the dark.

This product is made from sodium hyaluronate polymer by digestion with Chondroitinase AC-II (CAS: 9047-57-8), and purified by the column chromatography.  $\triangle$ Di-HA has a double bond (unsaturated bond) between C-4 and C-5 position of uronic acid at the non-reducing end, and " $\triangle$  (delta)" of  $\triangle$ Di-HA means the unsaturated bond. The structure of  $\triangle$ Di-HA sodium salt is shown in the chart below. This product is useful as a standard for an analysis of hyaluronan using a HPLC after the digestion with Hyaluronidase or Chondroitinase derived from bacteria<sup>1)</sup>. The enclosed Certification of Analysis lists actual content and purity for product specifications.

## Handling precautions:

- 1. Store protected from light at -20°C or below avoiding humidity.
- 2. Please precipitate the lyophilizate to the bottom of the vial by flash-centrifugation before opening of the vial.
- 3. We recommend freeze-preserving in aliquots appropriate for anticipated usage after dissolving with 0.5mL of an appropriate solvent. The vial capacity is for 0.5mL.
- 4. Preservation stability varies with pH of the solution and is lower under alkaline conditions (over pH 8). Note the pH of the solvent when dissolving this product.
- 5. This product is not sterilized, please use filter (ex.  $0.22 \mu$  m) as you need.

## Reference:

1) Yoshida K, et al.: Anal Biochem, 177, 327 (1989)

NOTICE: For R&D use only. Do not use for drug, household, cosmetically and others. www.cosmobio.co.jp, www.cosmobiousa.com