

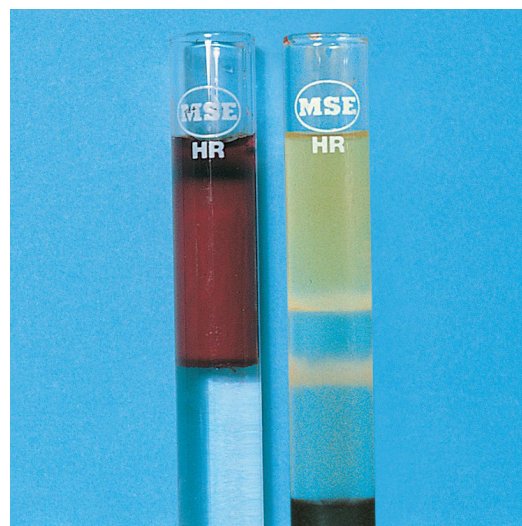
DENSITY GRADIENT MEDIA

Axis-Shield Density Gradient Media is a brand of Alere Technologies AS

Polymorphprep™ Isolation of human polymorphonuclear cells

With the exception of the basophils, polymorphonuclear leukocytes (PMNs) have a much greater buoyant density than the mononuclear cells, > 1.085 g/ml. Unfortunately, the buoyant density of the erythrocytes tends to be from 1.09 – 1.11 g/ml, this makes a separation from whole blood using a density barrier similar to that used for mononuclear cells more difficult. A number of procedures have been developed in an effort to overcome these difficulties.

The high osmolality of Polymorphprep™ causes erythrocytes to lose water and shrink, thus increasing their effective buoyant densities. This allows the dextran aggregated erythrocytes to sediment rapidly through the dense medium.



erythrocytes is greatest at the top of the Polymorphprep™ and progressively decreases as they sediment further) – a gradient of diatrizoate forms within the density barrier. The PMNs band within this density gradient while the mononuclear cells remain at the sample/medium interface.

Polymorphprep™ is a ready-made, sterile and endotoxin tested solution with the following specifications:

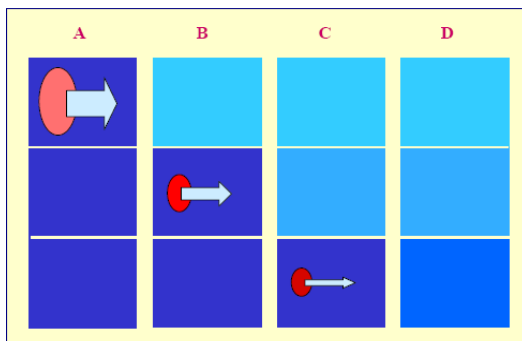
Sodium diatrizoate: 13.8% (w/v)

Dextran 500: 8.0% (w/v)

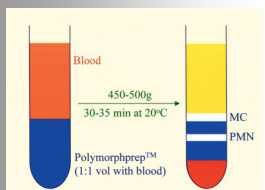
Density: 1.113 ± 0.001 g/ml

Osmolality: 445 ± 15 mOsm

Endotoxins: < 1.0 EU/ml



Because the osmotic gradient between the medium and the erythrocytes declines as the cells sediment further into the medium (ie the water loss from the



Web:

www.axis-shield-density-gradient-media.com

AXIS -SHIELD

PO Box 6863 Rodelokka

N-0504 Oslo

Norway

Phone: +47 24 05 60 00

Fax: +47 24 05 60 10

Email: bjh@no.axis-shield.com or

john@jgrescon.fsbusiness.co.uk



Each batch of Polymorphprep™ is checked on the level of endotoxins using a specific LAL test. Our goal is to produce batches with an endotoxin level lower or equal to 0.13 EU/ml.

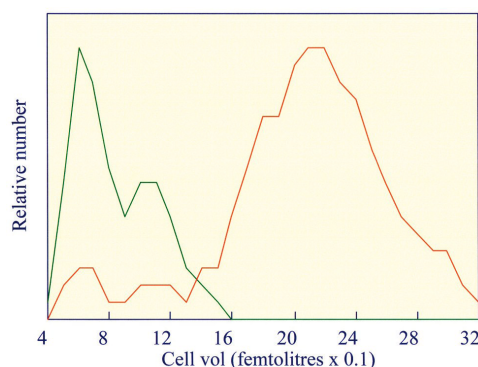
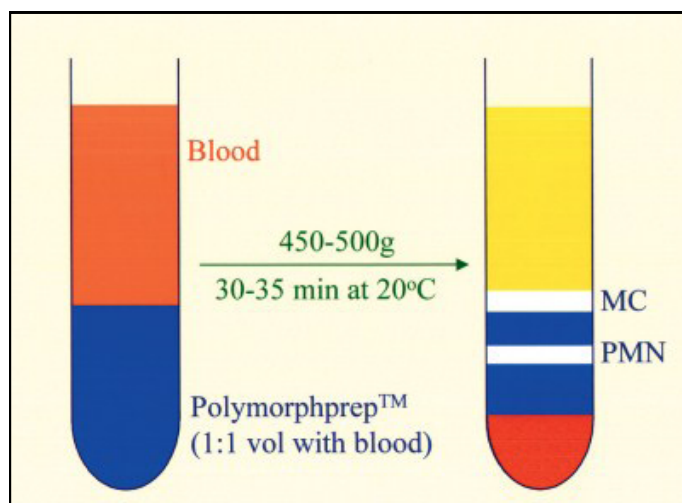
The method is effective only with whole undiluted human blood not with a leukocyte-rich fraction or blood from animal species.

The temperature is important to obtain optimal results, as changes in temperature effect the density and viscosity of the Polymorphprep™ solution. The temperature of the blood sample and the medium should be kept between 18-22°C.

Analysis of the top and bottom bands from the Polymorphprep™ separation using a Coulter STKR Cell Analyser is shown in the figure on the right. The analyzer determines the number of cells in the sample (ordinate) as a function of cell volume (abscissa). Relative cell number is the number of cells of a particular volume expressed as a fraction of the total in each sample. The top band contains only lymphocytes (40-80 fl) and monocytes (80-130 fl); all of the PMNs (150-320 fl) are in the bottom band which has negligible contamination from mononuclear cells. Contamination of the PMN band by erythrocytes is between 2-6% of the total cell number.

Polymorphprep™ is supplied as a sterile solution in the following package size:

Cat. no. AXS-1114683 1 x 250 ml



References

Separation of leucocytes from blood and bone marrow
Scand. J. Clin. Lab. Invest., 21, suppl.97

Distributed in North America by:



COSMO BIO USA

2792 Loker Ave W, Suite 101
Carlsbad, CA 92010

TEL: 760-431-4600

FAX: 760-431-4604

email : info@cosmobiousa.com

web : www.cosmobiousa.com